



MBTA Green Line Climate Change Vulnerability Assessment

Project Summary Presentation

June 14, 2022



Agenda

1

Introductions

2

Overview

3

Methodology

4

Results

5

Recommended Actions

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Project Objectives

1.

Conduct an assessment **aligned with existing methodology** to support MBTA's ongoing systemwide CCVA

2.

Assess the GL's **historical, near and far term vulnerabilities** to climate change-related extreme weather

3.

Identify vulnerable assets requiring attention

4.

Provide **recommended actions to improve MBTA's climate change resilience** through the capital investment plan

Project Overview

General Approach



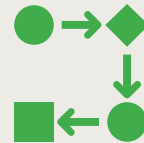
Data collection
& desktop
review

Identify
Climate
Stressors

Identify data
gaps

Confirm
climate
projection
scenarios and
time horizons

Develop
inventory of
GL assets



Data
consolidation
& methodology
review

Confirm study
boundaries

Develop
detailed risk
assessment
methodology

Compile
background
data

Define asset
sub-types for
assessment



Interviews &
site visits

Understand &
document site
conditions

Understand
operations &
maintenance
protocol

Confirm assets
on site

Identify
potential
adaptation
options / quick
wins



Vulnerability
Analysis &
Assessment

Assess
exposure

Assess
sensitivity

Assess
adaptive
capacity

Develop
adaptation
strategies

Project Approach

Data Collection



Contextual Information

- Green Line Asset Inventory
- Climate Science Review
- Historical Challenges
- Policy Context



Stakeholder Engagement

- Municipal Meetings
 - Boston
 - Brookline
 - Newton
- MBTA Meetings
 - OCE
 - MOW
 - O&M
 - Emergency Planning



Site Visits

- Riverside Yard
- Reservoir Carhouse
- Lake Street Carhouse
- Science Park Station
- North Station
- Haymarket Station
- Park Street Station
- Hynes Convention Center Station
- Kenmore Station
- Fenway Station
- Longwood Station
- Brookline Village Station
- Prudential Station
- Symphony Station
- Heath Street Station
- Fenway to Brookline Village Corridor
- Northeastern University to Longwood Medical Area Corridor
- Riverway to Heath Street Corridor

Project Parameters

5 Climate Stressors



Extreme Heat



Precipitation



Sea Level Rise / Storm Surge



Wind



Winter Weather

2 Analysis Timeframes

- Near-term (2030)
- Long-term (2070)

196 Assets (with asset-specific critical systems)

Maintenance Yards & Facilities (3)

- Rail, ties, and roadbed surface
- Switches and switch heaters
- Maintenance equipment
- Building envelope

Stations (63)

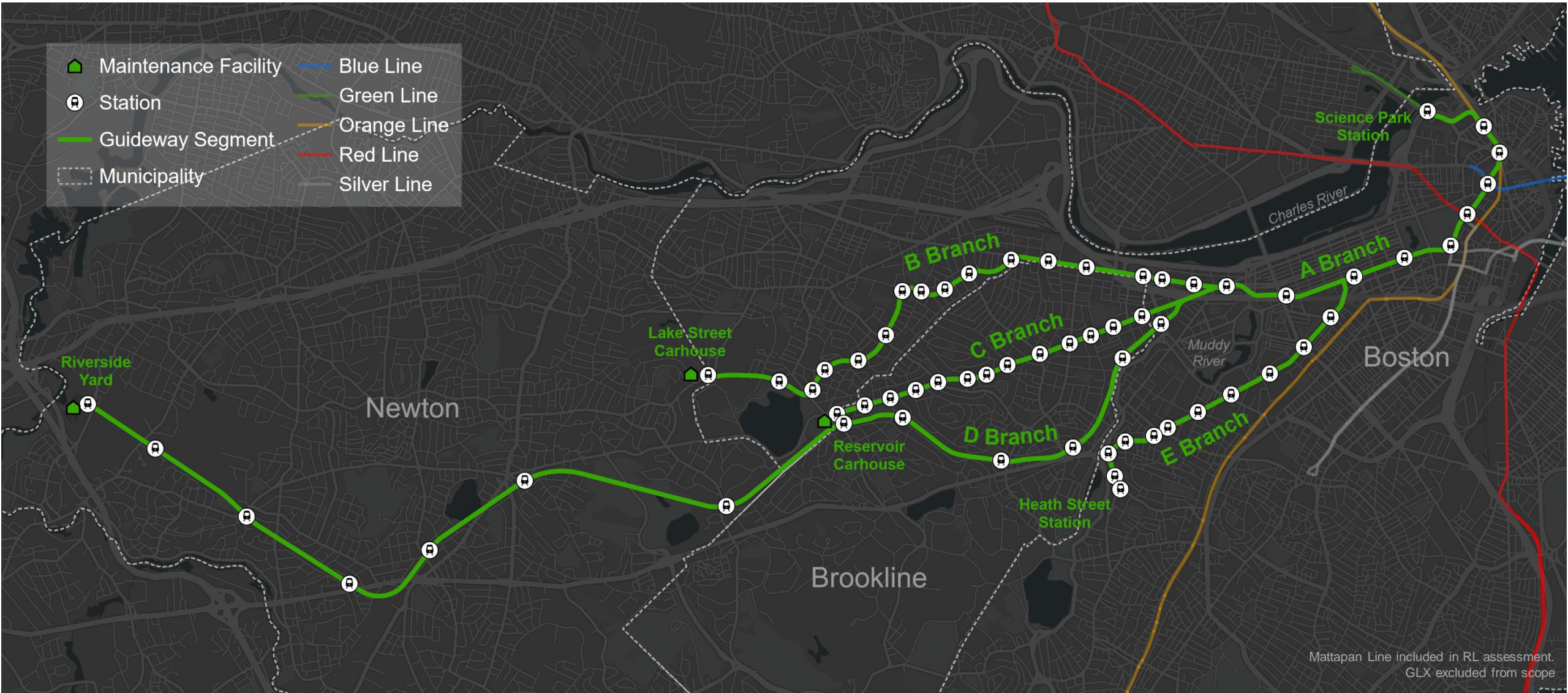
- Transformers
- Switch gears
- Generators
- Customer site access and lobby
- Elevators and escalators

Guideway Segments (130)

- Rail, ties, and roadbed surface
- Signals, switches, and switch heaters
- Tunnel fans
- Vent shafts
- Tunnel structures and portals
- Bridge structures
- Catenary

Project Context

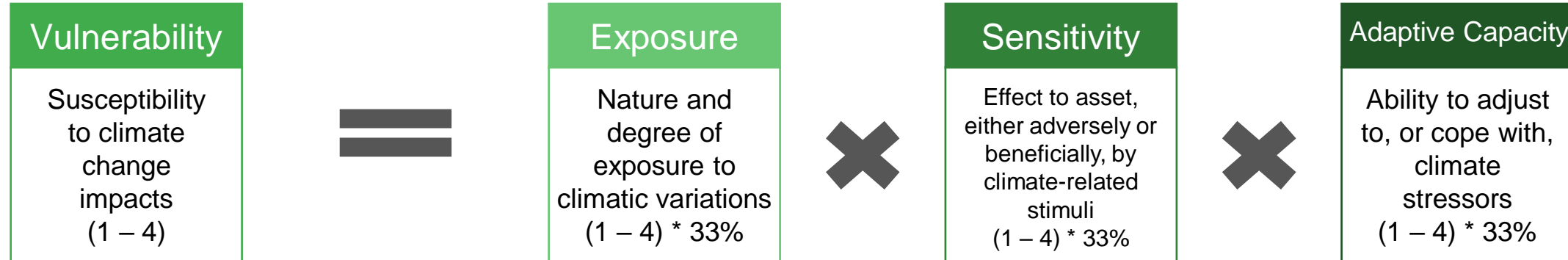
GL Scope of Assessment



METHODOLOGY OVERVIEW

Methodology Overview

Vulnerability Formula



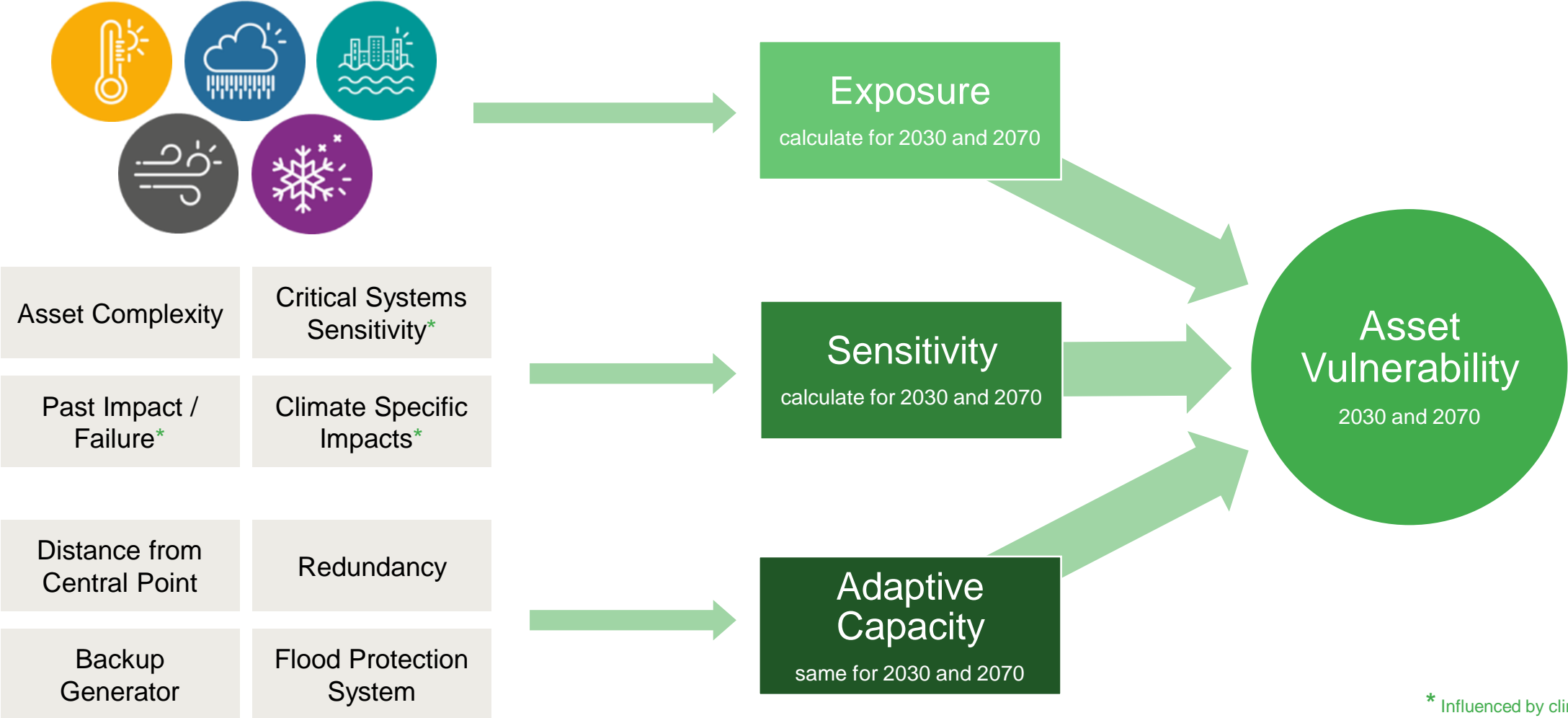
What is the **degree of exposure** of assets to climate hazards?

When a certain climate exposure occurs, what is the **degree of impact** on an asset?

How does the asset respond to, or cope with, climate exposure given the sensitivity of its components?

Methodology Overview

Assessment Variables and indicators

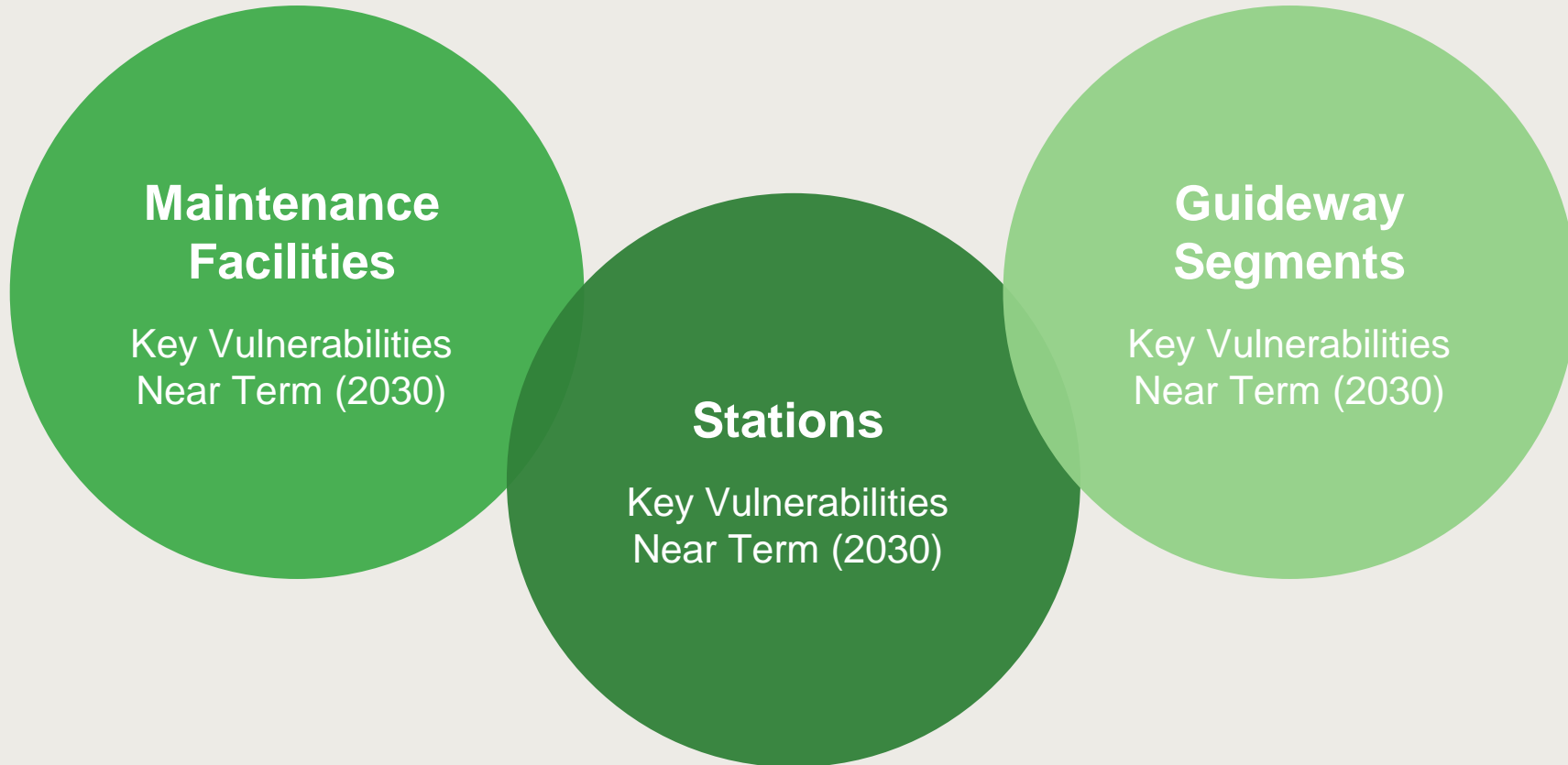


* Influenced by climate stressors

See full methodology in Appendix 3

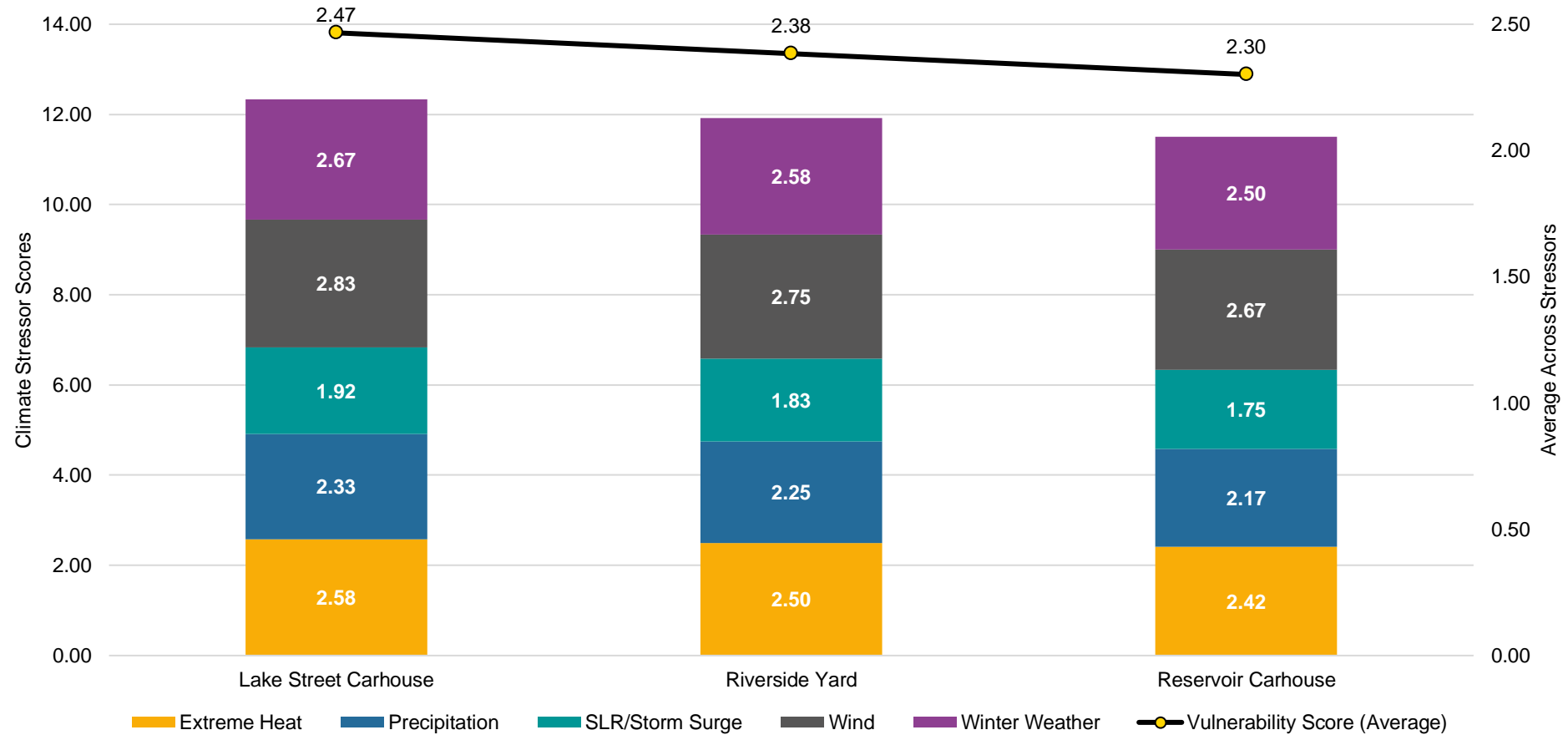
RESULTS

Results



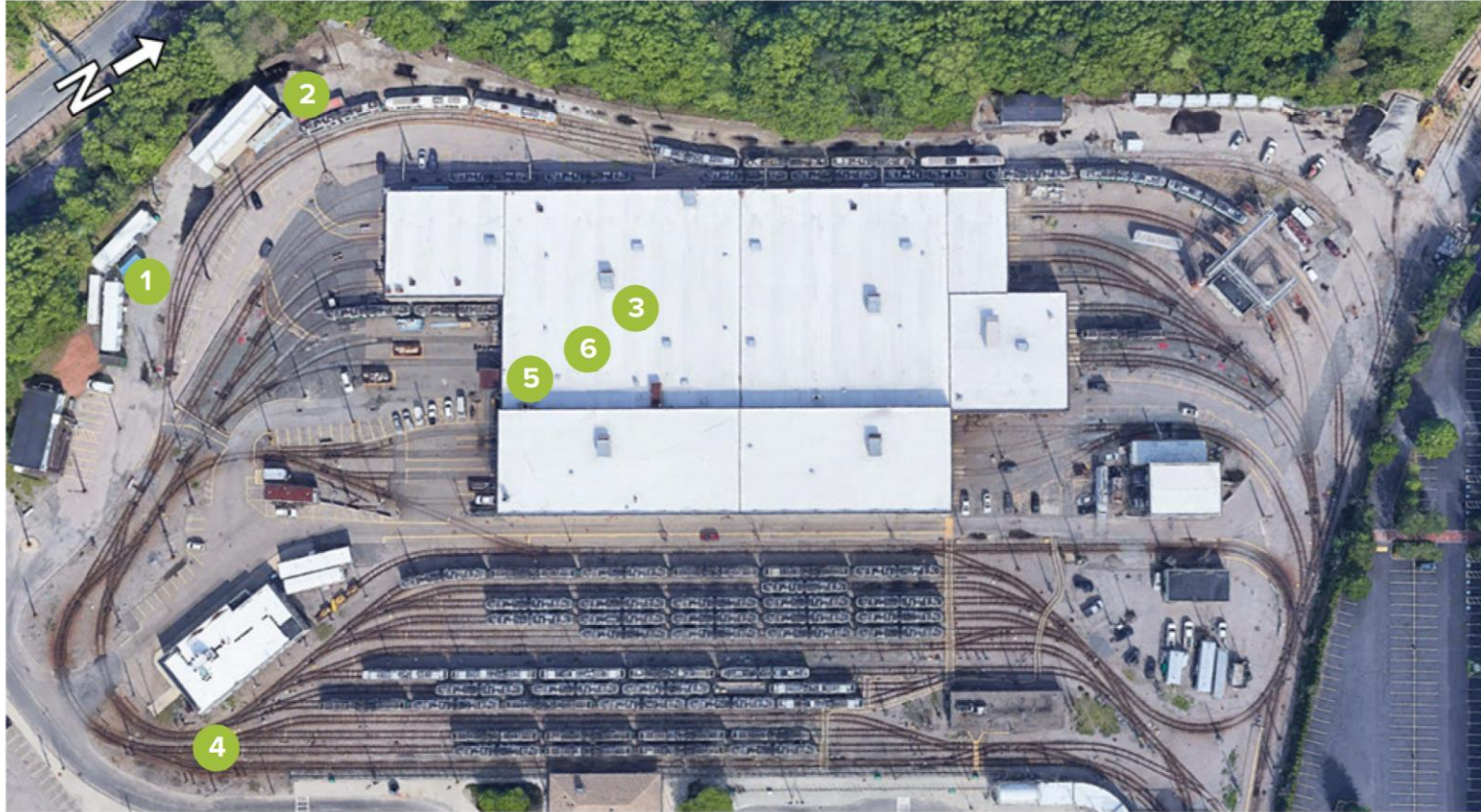
Maintenance Yards & Facilities

Composite Vulnerability 2030



Maintenance Facilities

Key Vulnerabilities at Riverside Yard



1. **Auxiliary buildings** are modular and may be susceptible to damage in severe storm events but also allow for easy replacement.

2. The west end of the yard is surrounded by **tall trees** that hang over catenary cables in some areas. Potential for impacts from extreme wind and storm events.



3. **Compressors** are prone to overheating due to constant use, leading to staff discomfort or equipment shutdown which could be exacerbated by extreme heat events.

4. **Switch heaters** are sufficient to manage gradual snowfall but may not be sufficient during severe winter storms.



5. An **emergency generator** is located in the basement and may be susceptible to flooding during extreme precipitation events.



6. **Truing machine** is located below grade in a pit and may be susceptible to flooding during extreme precipitation events which could damage machinery and impact operation.

Maintenance Facilities

Key Vulnerabilities at Lake Street Carhouse



1. **Trees** overhang catenary cables in some areas. Potential for downed branches during extreme wind or storm events which may damage catenary.



2. **Carhouse** overheats during heat waves, including **compressor room** due to constant use, which can inhibit maintenance work or lead to equipment shutdown. This may be further exacerbated by increases in extreme heat events.



3. **Trough drains** at facility entrances are undersized and have flooded in the past, introducing water into **maintenance pits**. This may be exacerbated by extreme precipitation due to climate change.

Maintenance Facilities

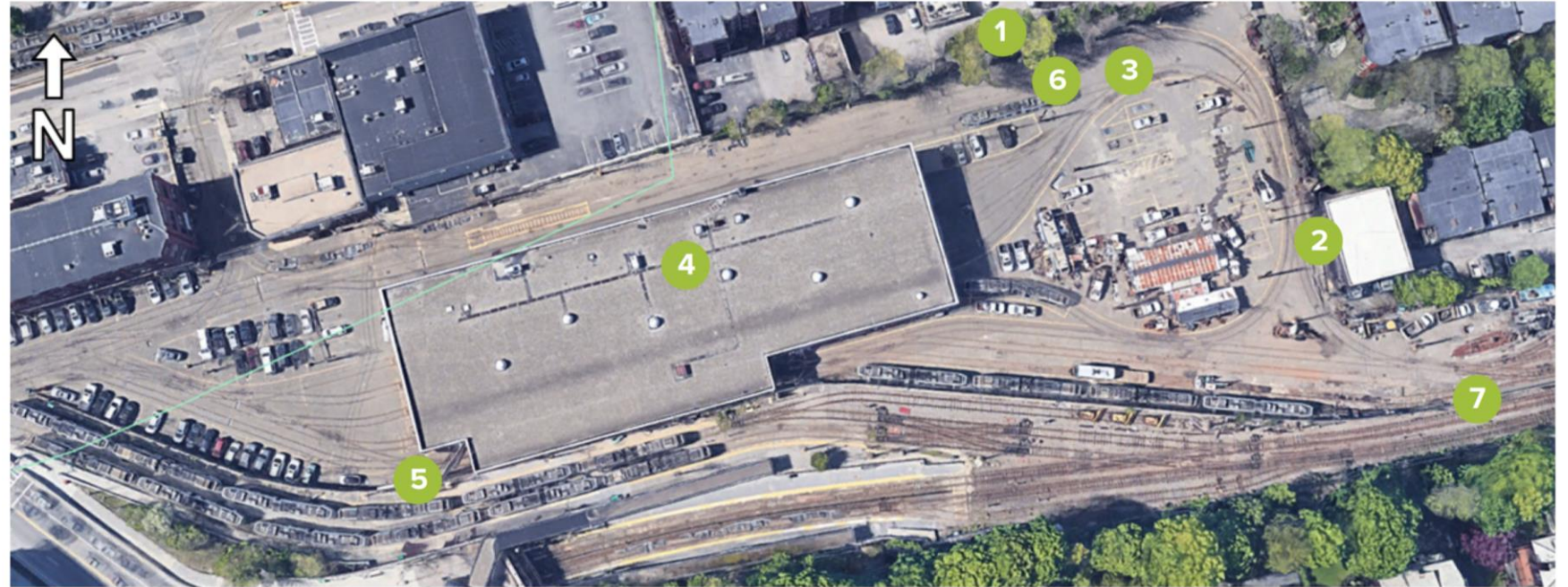
Key Vulnerabilities at Reservoir Carhouse



1 & 2. The upper yard is flanked by **trees** towards the main line connection, with trees hanging over walls and catenary. This may cause damage in extreme wind events.



3. Some **switches** do not have **switch heaters**, and manual snow clearance is required. This may result in additional manual labor in extreme winter weather events.



4. Facility **roof** is nearing end of life and will be replaced. When replaced, ensure roof is re-designed for future climatic conditions.



5. Clogged **weep holes** in retaining walls can lead to increased groundwater and higher hydrostatic pressure on the wall. This may be exacerbated by extreme precipitation.



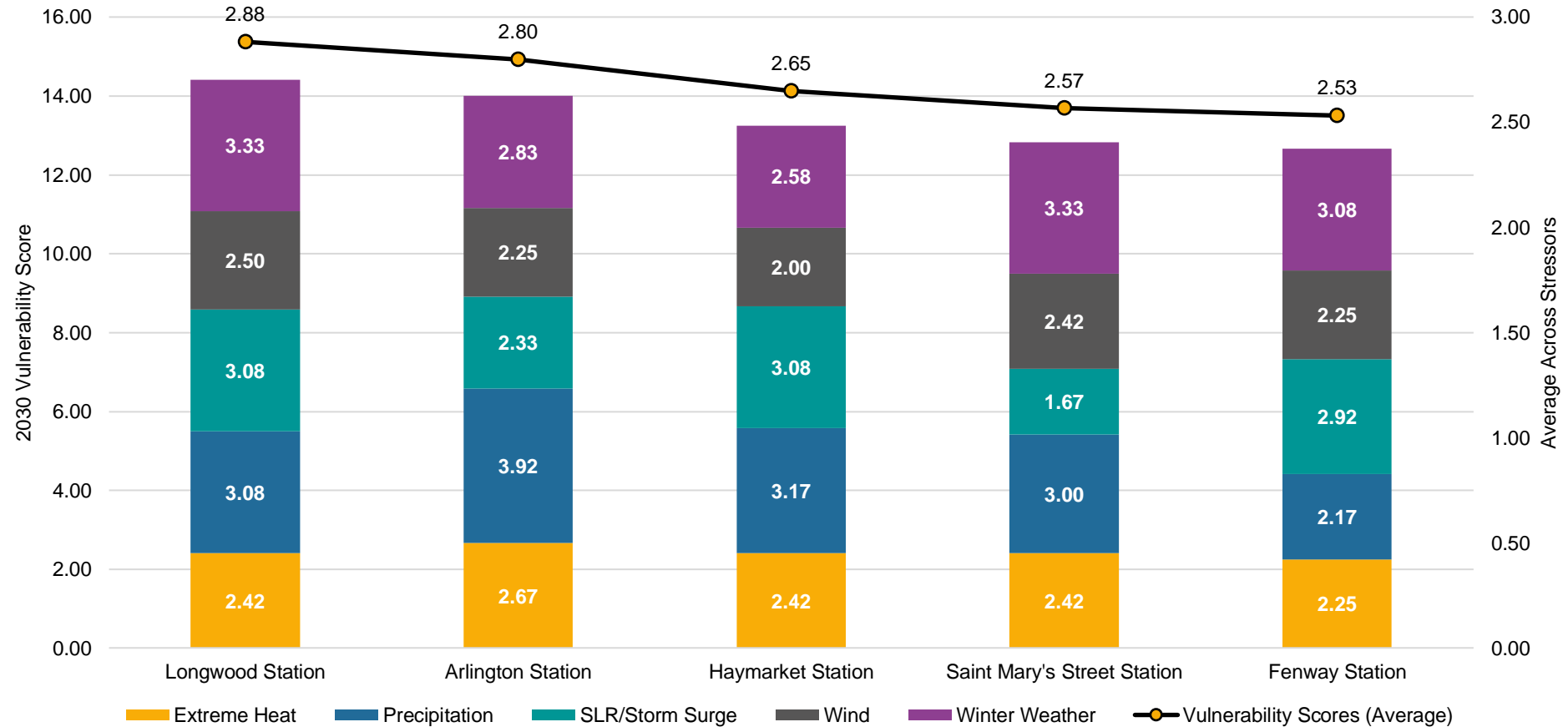
6. Clogged **trench drains** resulting in a reduced drainage capacity and increased flood vulnerability under current precipitation conditions. This may be exacerbated by extreme precipitation.



7. The **ballast** throughout the yard was flooded with sand from sweeping out train cars leading to reduced permeability. This may result in flooding with increased precipitation.

Stations Results

Composite Vulnerability 2030 – Top 5 Most Vulnerable



Stations

Key Vulnerabilities 2030

1 Longwood Station Score: 2.88



High exposure to precipitation, SLR/storm surge and winter weather

Moderate sensitivity as station is not enclosed and has experienced major winter weather impacts

Low adaptive capacity as station is not redundant, has no backup generator and no flood protection system

Muddy River is in close proximity

2 Arlington Station Score: 2.80



High exposure to precipitation

High sensitivity as station has many critical systems, has experienced extreme heat, precipitation and winter weather impacts, and is below ground

Low adaptive capacity as station is far from Riverside, is not redundant, has no backup generator, and no flood protection system

Current issues with water ingress in adjacent tunnel

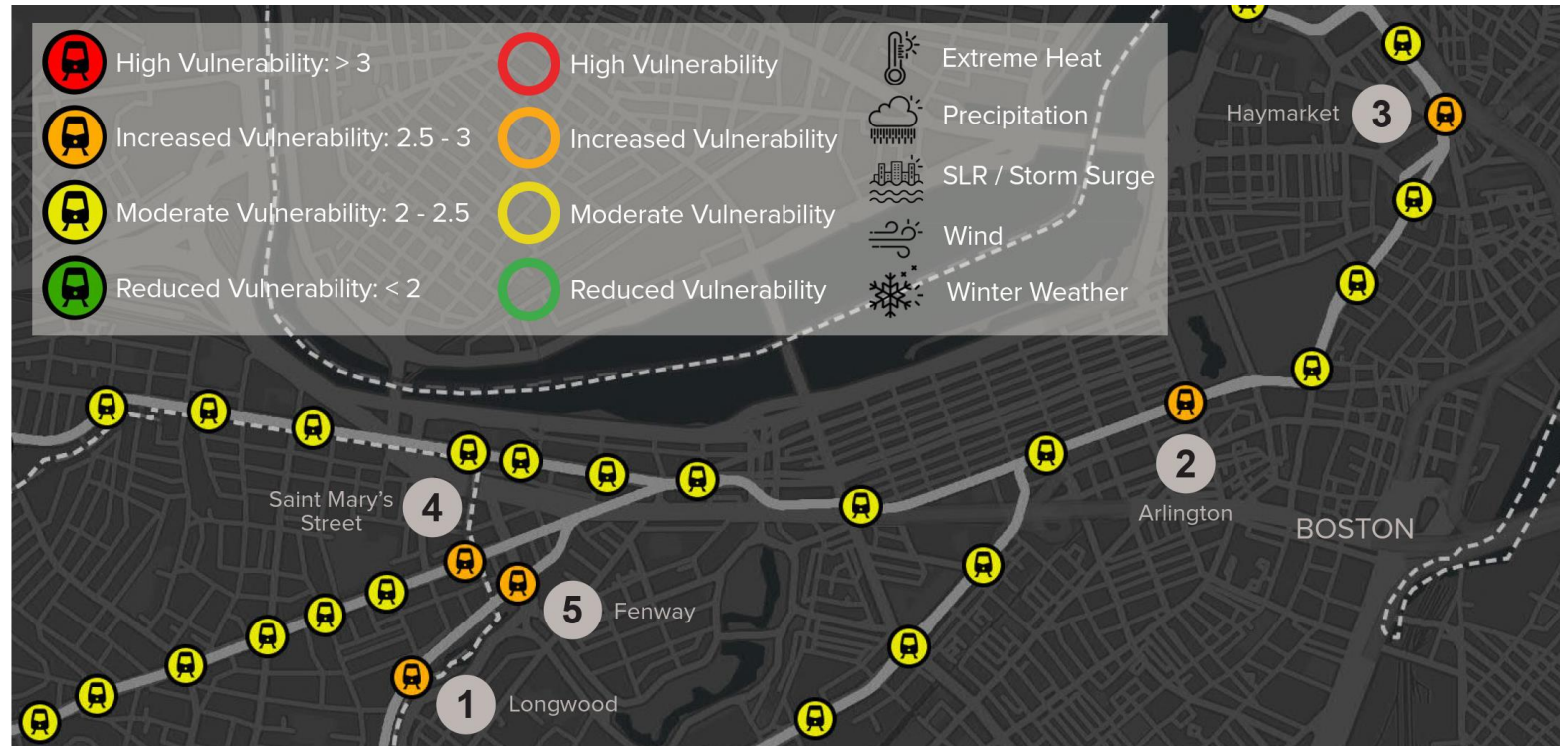
3 Haymarket Station Score: 2.65



Moderate exposure to precipitation and SLR/storm surge

High sensitivity as station has many critical systems, has experienced extreme heat, precipitation and winter weather impacts, and is below ground

Low adaptive capacity as station is far from Riverside, has no backup generator and no flood protection system



4 Saint Mary's Street Station Score: 2.57



High exposure to precipitation and winter weather

Low sensitivity as station has no critical systems though it is not enclosed and has experienced major winter weather impacts

Low adaptive capacity as station is not redundant, has no backup generator and no flood protection system

5 Fenway Station Score: 2.53



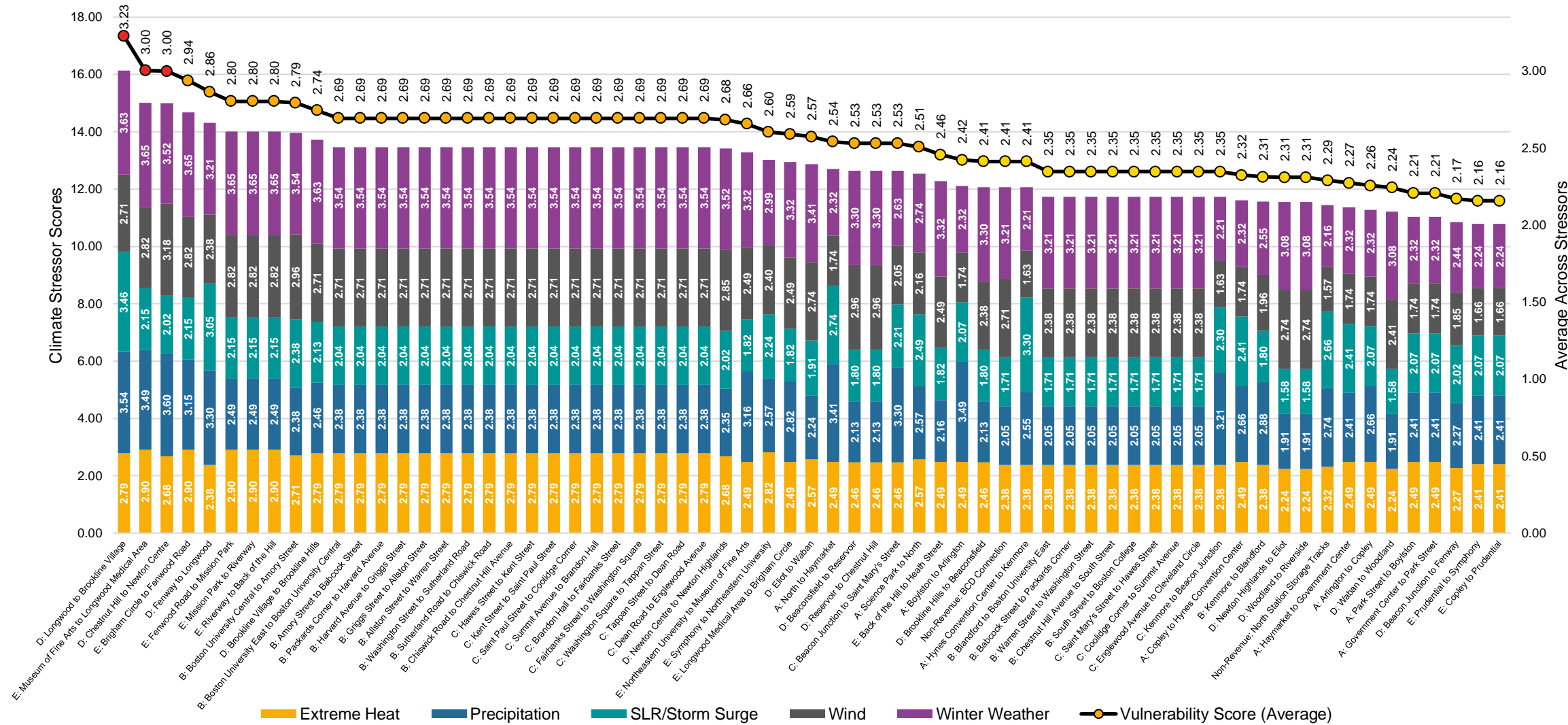
High exposure to SLR/storm surge and winter weather

Moderate sensitivity as station is not enclosed and has experienced major precipitation and winter weather impacts

Moderate adaptive capacity as station offers redundancy and has a deployable flood protection system
Muddy River is in close proximity

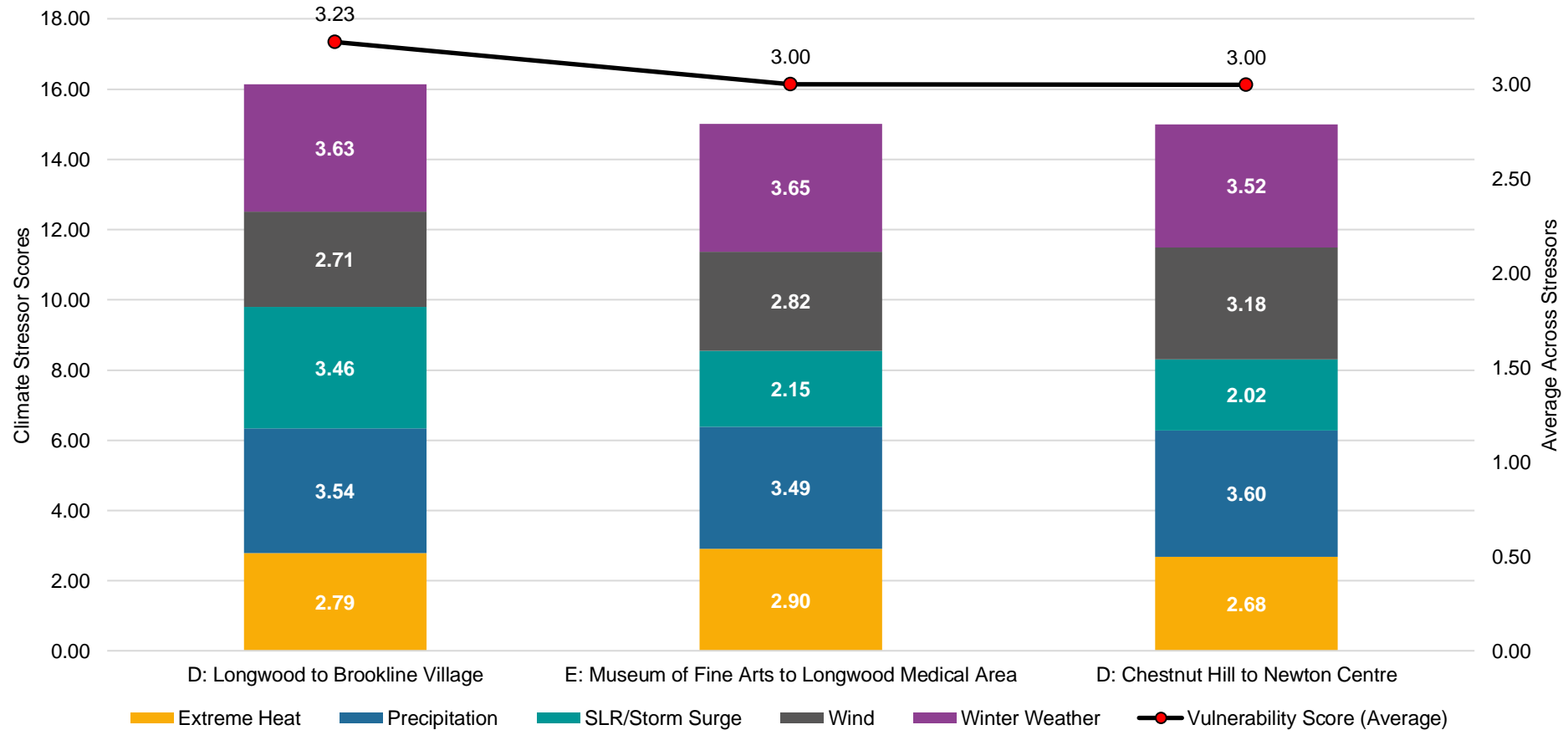
Guideway Segments

Composite Vulnerability 2030



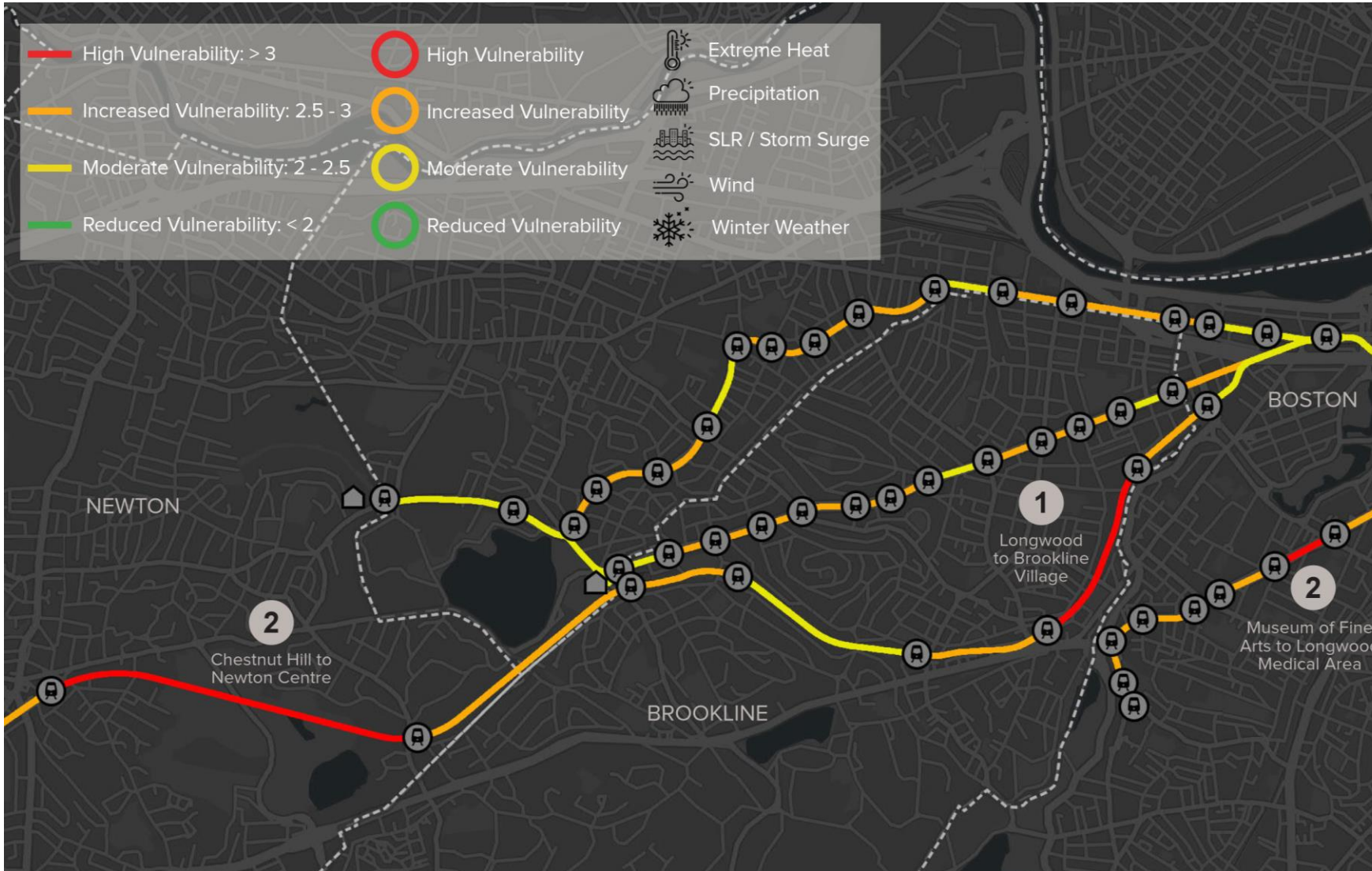
Guideway Segments

Composite Vulnerability 2030 – Top 3 Most Vulnerable



Guideway Segments

Key Vulnerabilities 2030



1 Longwood to Brookline Village Guideway Segment Score: 3.23



High exposure to precipitation, SLR/storm surge and winter weather

High sensitivity as segment has several critical systems, has experienced precipitation and winter weather impacts, and is not enclosed

Moderate adaptive capacity as segment is not redundant and has no flood protection system

Muddy River is in close proximity

2 Chestnut Hill to Newton Centre Guideway Segment Score: 3.00



High exposure to precipitation and winter weather

High sensitivity as segment has several critical systems, has experienced precipitation, wind and winter weather impacts, and is not enclosed

Moderate adaptive capacity as segment is not redundant and has no flood protection system

Passes through FEMA floodplain

Previous major track washout

2 Museum of Fine Arts to Longwood Medical Area Guideway Segment Score: 3.00



High exposure to precipitation and winter weather

Moderate sensitivity as segment has experienced major winter weather impacts and is not enclosed

Low adaptive capacity as segment is far from Riverside, not redundant and has no flood protection system

Proximal to the Muddy River

Key Findings



Recommendations

Recommended Adaptation Measures

Generic Recommendations

Policy

**Design &
Infrastructure**

**Operations &
Maintenance**

Asset-Specific Recommendations

**Maintenance
Facilities**

Stations

**Guideway
Segments**

Recommended Adaptation Measures

Sample Matrix of Recommended Actions

How many **climate stressors** are relevant

What is the relative **impact** on resilience

How much **effort** is required to implement

How **critical** is the issue being addressed

How much **time** will it take to implement and take effect

Action	Description	Extreme Heat	Precipitation	SLR/Storm Surge	Wind	Winter Weather	Impact	Effort	Criticality	Time Frame
P 1	Continue to improve integration of climate risk into agency emergency response plans and policies	•	•	•	•	•	Medium	Medium	Low	Long
P 2	Undertake continued coordination across departments at MBTA and with municipalities on adaptation actions	•	•	•	•	•	Medium	High	Low	Medium
P 3	Consider mechanisms for keeping vulnerability scoring up to date with the latest climate science	•	•	•	•	•	Medium	Low	Low	Long
D 1	Undertake detailed flood risk and drainage system assessments for underground stations and tunnels		•	•			High	High	Medium	Short
D 2	Undertake detailed extreme heat risk assessments for underground stations and tunnels	•					Medium	High	Medium	Short

Recommended Adaptation Measures

Maintenance Facility: Reservoir Carhouse

3 Reservoir Carhouse
Score: 2.30



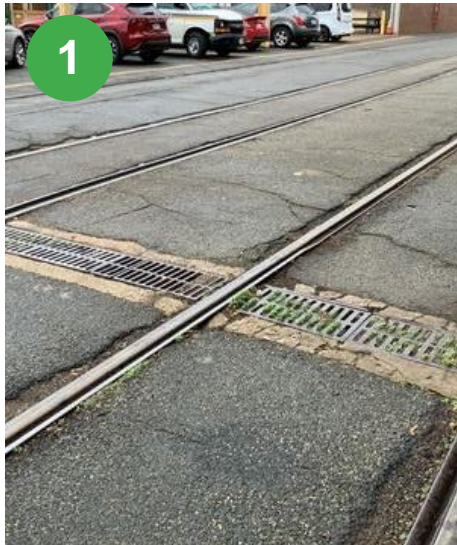
Moderate exposure to extreme heat, wind, and winter weather

High sensitivity as facility has several critical systems, is partially enclosed, and has experienced extreme heat, precipitation and winter weather impacts

Moderate adaptive capacity as facility is far from Riverside and has no flood protection system
Low elevation relative to surrounding properties

1 Site-wide drainage study

- Drainage assessment
- Clear drainage obstructions
- Increase capacity



2 Maintenance pit flood mitigation

- Clear trough drains
- Assess capacity and discharge point
- Install pit drainage



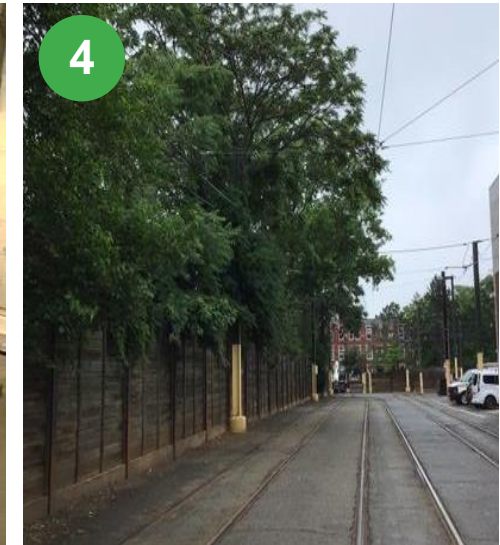
3 Indoor heat management

- Ventilation assessment
- Install ventilation or cooling systems



4 Tree management

- Clear overhanging branches
- Pre- and post-climatic event inspections



5 Roof replacement

- Designed for future climatic conditions

Recommended Adaptation Measures

Station: Hynes Convention Center

40 Hynes Convention Center Station
Score: 2.20



Low exposure to most climate stressors

High sensitivity as station has several critical systems, is below ground, and has experienced extreme heat, precipitation and winter weather impacts

Moderate adaptive capacity as station is far from Riverside, has no backup generator or flood protection system

1 Extreme heat risk assessment

- Heat assessment
- Improve back-of-house ventilation and cooling systems

2 Improve thermal comfort

- Install front-of-house ventilation and cooling systems

3 Assess back-up power system

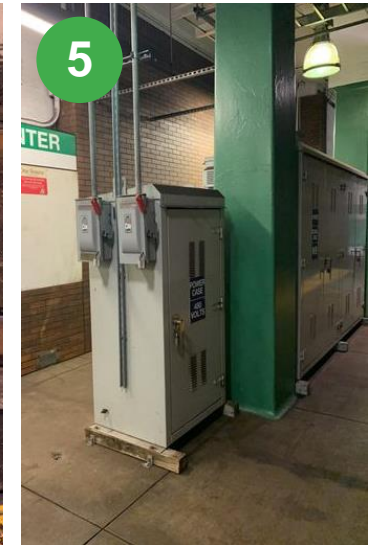
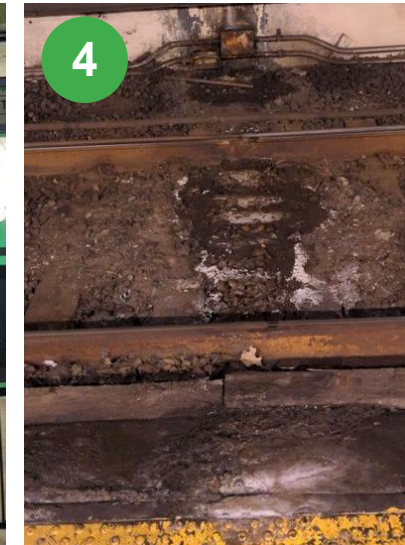
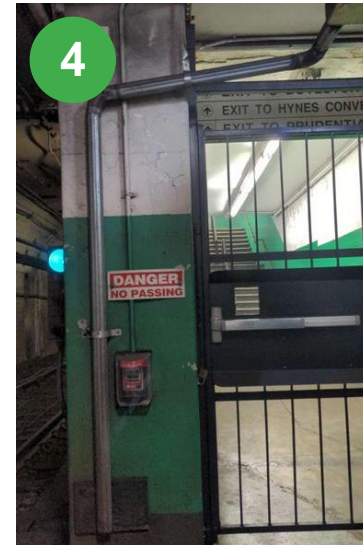
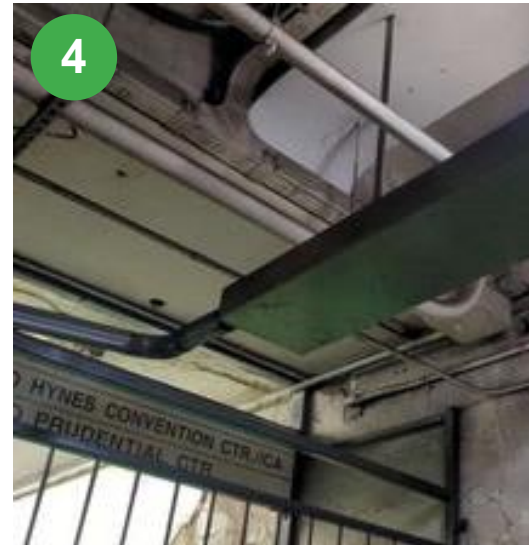
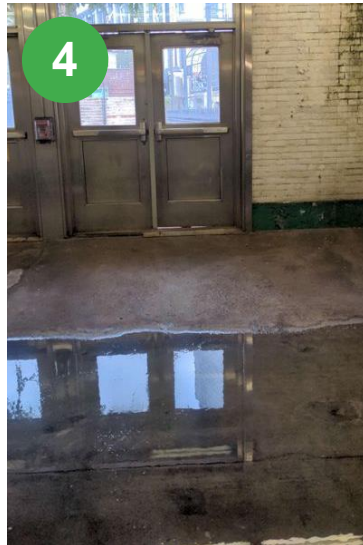
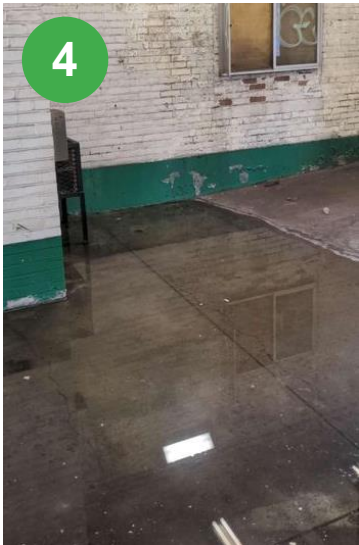
- Confirm presence
- Test performance

4 Drainage assessment

- Identify points of water ingress
- Clear drainage obstructions
- Increase capacity

5 Relocate electrical equipment

- Elevate and/or enclose



Recommended Adaptation Measures

Guideway Segment: Boylston to Arlington

40 Boylston to Arlington Guideway Segment
Score: 2.42



High exposure to precipitation

High sensitivity as segment has several critical systems, is below ground and enclosed, and has experienced precipitation and winter weather impacts

Moderate adaptive capacity as facility is far from Riverside and has no flood protection system
Active water ingress in tunnel

1 Extreme heat risk assessment

- Heat assessment
- Improve ventilation

2 Locate tunnel vents

- Identify points of water ingress
- Raise vent discharge points at surface

3 Segment-wide drainage study

- Route cause of active water ingress

4 Floodwater pumping

- Install drainage/pump to remove water



Next steps

1 Integrate vulnerability scores into TRAPEZE asset management system

2 Conduct detailed assessments of assets with vulnerability scores > 2.5 in the 2030 and 2070 time horizons

3 Implement recommended adaptation measures to address assets vulnerable in the near term

4 Integrate climate change considerations into capital planning via the Capital Investment Plan



Thank you

